GRADE - 8 ENGLISH

Q- Read the following story and answer the questions that follow.

Oliver Twist By Charles Dickens Introduced by:

Garth Nix Puffin: Puffin Classics 2008 Relaunch Hardback Library Edition:

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Special discount for school students on any edition of their choice Age Group: 9 - 11 years With an inspirational and light-hearted introduction by author Garth Nix, Oliver Twist by Charles Dickens is one of the twelve wonderful classic stories being republished by puffin classics. It is the classic story of an orphan boy who flees from a workhouse and comes to London to seek fortune, but gets involved in crimes there. It all begins after Oliver Twist asks nasty Mr Bumble, in-charge of the workhouse, for more food, but he is refused. On reaching London, Oliver runs into the Artful Dodger, a young pickpocket, who leads him to Fagin and his gang of pickpockets. Oliver narrowly escapes prison when a thieving mission goes wrong. Fortunately for him, he is adopted by a kind gentleman. Mr Brownlow. Meanwhile Fagin and the

brutal Bill Sikes go in search of the young boy, determined to drag him back. Puffin: publishing the most innovative and imaginative children's literature for generations at affordable prices.

- 1. For a student, the cheapest option is
- (a) hardback
- (b) paperback
- (c) e-book
- (d) audio book
- 2. Apart from Oliver Twist, how many other 'wonderful classic' stories has puffin republished according to the write-up?
- (a) 7
- (b) 9
- (c) 11
- (d) 12
- 3. The brief story line given here says nothing about which of the following?
- (a) Why Oliver Twist fled from the workhouse?
- (b) How Oliver meets the Artful Dodger and Fagin?
- (c) How Oliver's life changes for the better?
- (d) Whether Fagin and company find Oliver again?

4. How many characters are	Q7. (3)		
mentioned in this write up?	(a) quickly		
(a) 4	(b) smoothly		
(b) 6	(c) slowly		
(c) 8	(d) silently		
(d) 10			
	Q8. (4).		
Direction: Fill in the blanks with the	(a) vicinity		
antonym of the word given in the	(b) audacity		
brackets. The sailors went sailing in	(c) viciousness		
the boat on a 1 (dull)	(d) faraway		
sunny day. 2			
(Fortunately), they lost their way in	Q9. (5)		
the middle of the sea. The waves were	(a) dangerous		
strong and night was 3.	(b) Insafe		
(rapidly) creeping in.	(b) perilous		
The captain of the ship sent a signal	(d) safe		
for help. However, there was no one in			
the 4(distance). The	Choose the best option to		
sailors bravely fought the storm and	complete the following idiom.		
until the night died. With the rise of	(Q1-Q)		
the sun, they were 5	10. The children in the bus		
(unsafe).	escaped the accident by		
	·		
Q5. (1)	(a) hair breadth		
(a) deep	(b) the hair's breadth		
(b) bright	(c) a hair's breadth		
(c) grave	(d) a breadth of hair		
(d) cloudy			
	11. Fill in the blank. 'I look		
Q6. (2)	forward to you.'		
(a) luckily	(a) meet		
(b) finally	(b) meets		
(c) unfortunately	(c) have met		
(d) infortunately			

(d) meeting	he left for Mumbai.		
	(a) had been teaching		
12. What is the meaning of Manya's	(b) has been teaching		
words? Kavya: "Where were you last	(c) teaches		
evening?" Manya: "My colleagues	(d) is teaching		
planned an impromptu party and we			
had a whale of time" What does	16. Rose (work) in		
Manya mean by her reply?	this school for five years.		
(a) They had lots of free time.	(a) is working		
(b) They had a lot of fun.	(b) has been working		
(c) They were late, very late.	(c) was working		
(d) They party very rarely.	(d) has worked		
13. Fool me once, shame on you; fool	17. The whole class		
me twice, shame on me means –	(make) noise when the teacher		
	arrived.		
(a) You should learn from your	(a) was making		
mistakes.	(b) is making		
(b) I am not silly as I look.	(c) makes		
(c) People can be cruel so be careful.	(d) has made		
(d) I am not an easy person to lie to.			
	18. The Prime Minister Mr. Modi		
14. Due to her recent slip-up, she has	(leave for) USA		
fallen out ofwith her	tomorrow.		
employers.	(a) left for		
(a) sorts	(b) will leave for		
(b) favour	(c) was leaving for		
(c) time	(d) has been leaving for		
(d) play			
	19. She (visit) her		
DIRECTIONS (Qs. 15-19) : Fill in the	South Indian relatives once in		
blanks with the verbs given in the	January before she moved in with		
brackets.	them in October.		
15. Rahul (teach) at the	(a) has visited		
university for more than a year before			

(b) was visiting	24. Himesh English			
(c) had visited	very fluently.			
(d) is visiting	(a) speak			
	(b) speaking			
DIRECTIONS (Qs. 20-24) : Fill in the	(c) speaks			
blanks with the correct alternatives.	(d) none of the above			
20. Laurel and Hardy				
famous comedians.	DIRECTIONS (Qs. 25–29): Fill in			
(a) is	the blanks with indirect forms of			
(b) was	speech.			
(c) were	Ghost: Ha, ha! I have a glorious			
(d) be	past of terrifying people.			
	Mr Otis: Mr Ghost, why don't you			
21. Either Ankit or Malini	oil your rusty chains? The clanking			
the dishes.	noise doesn't let me sleep.			
(a) did	Mrs Otis: Uf! How miserably you are belching! Take this tincture to cure your stomach ache.			
(b) do				
(c) does				
(d) both (a) and (b)	The ghost laughed furiously and			
	said that (25). Mr			
22. The neighbours down the street	Otis asked the ghost			
going to water our plants	(26)? He further told him that			
while we are away.	(27). Mrs. Otis			
(a) is	exclaimed with disgust and told			
(b) be	the ghost that (28)!			
(c) are	She, then, advised him			
(d) none of the above	(29).			
23. We not go to the	25. (a) he has a glorious past of			
movie tomorrow.	terrifying people			
(a) will	(b) I have a glorious past of			
(b) does	terrifying people			
(c) have	(c) he had a glorious past of			
(d) has	terrifying people			
	(d) None of these			

- 26. (a) why you didn't oil your rusty chains
- (b) why didn't he oil his rusty chains
- (c) why had he not oiled his rusty chains
- (d) why does he not oil his rusty chains
- 27. (a) the clanking noise didn't let him sleep
- (b) the clanking noise didn't he sleep
- (c) the clanking noise didn't let me slept
- (d) None of these
- 28. What is the structure of a report?
- (a) Introduction, Body, Conclusion
- (b) Introduction, Findings, Recommendations
- (c) Problem, Method, Results
- (d) All of the above
- 29. What should be included in the introduction of a report?
- (a) Background information about the topic
- (b) A summary of the findings
- (c) Conclusions and recommendations
- (d) All of the above
- 30. How should the information in a report be presented?
- (a) In a chronological order
- (b) In a structured manner
- (c) In a random order
- (d) None of the above

- 31. What is the structure of a report?
- (a) Introduction, Body, Conclusion
- (b) Introduction, Findings, Recommendations
- (c) Problem, Method, Results
- (d) All of the above
- 32. What should be included in the introduction of a report?
- (a) Background information about the topic
- (b) A summary of the findings
- (c) Conclusions and recommendations
- (d) All of the above
- 33. With love' is used in which part of an informal letter?
- (a) Heading
- (b) Opening
- (c) Closing
- (d) Body.
- 34. An informal letter should _____contain the subject line.
- (a) sometimes
- (b) always
- (c) compulsorily
- (d) never.
- 35. Your friend who lives abroad is visiting next month. You are writing him a letter How will you end the letter?

- (a) I look forward to meeting you.
- (b) Can't wait to see you
- (c) Anxiously anticipating your arrival
- (d) I Kindly request you to come soon
- 36. Which of the following phrases would you use in an informal letter?
- (a) Lovely to hear from you.
- (b) How are things?
- (c) Yours sincerely
- (d) Both (a) and (b)

Choose the best arrangement of sentence from the options given below:

- 37. 1/ have / risk /taken / saving / her / a / in/ Great.
- (a) I taken have a great risk in saving her.
- (b) A great risk have taken in saving her.
- (c) Her have taken I a great risk in saving.
- (d) I have taken a great risk in saving her.
- 38. the road/ of / obey / We / rules / the /must.
- (a) The rules of the road must we obey.
- (b) We obey the must rules of the road.
- (c) We must obey the rules of the road.

- (d) We must obey the road of the rules.
- 39. storm / clouds / the / seen/were / dark /before.
- (a) Storm were seen before the darkclouds.
- (b) Dark clouds were seen before the storm.
- (c) Dark clouds were seen the before storm.
- (d) The storm before the dark clouds were seen.
- 40. in studies / he is / in games / and / good /both.
- (a) He is both good in studies and in games.
- (b) He is both good in and studies games.
- (c) He is good in both studies and games.
- (d) He is good both in studies and in games
- 41. the/ teachers / a / is / favourite / of all /Ramesh.
- (a) Ramesh is a favourite of all the teachers.
- (b) Ramesh the teachers is favourite of all.
- (c) All the teachers is favourite of Ramesh.
- (d) Ramesh is a favourite of the all teachers

42. Choose the complex sentence :	47. What does "once in a blue			
a) She runs fast and wins races.	moon" mean?			
b) She runs fast, but she is not tired.	a) Every day			
c) Although she runs fast, she does not	b) Very rarely			
always win.	c) At night			
d) She runs fast.	d) Every month			
43. Identify the compound sentence :	48.Choose the correct modal			
a) I like coffee, and she likes tea.	verb:			
b) Before he arrived, she had left.	You wear a seatbelt while			
c) She drinks tea.	driving.			
d) Running is fun.	a) Can			
	b) Must			
44. A person who writes a book is	c) Might			
called a	d) Will			
a) Singer	·			
b) Author	49. Choose the adverb in the			
c) Actor	sentence: The baby cried loudly.			
d) Painter	a) Baby			
	b) Cried			
45. A place where books are kept is	c) Loudly			
called a .	d) The			
a) Library				
b) Hospital	50. Which of the following is an			
c) Bakery	adjective?			
d) Museum	a) Quickly			
	b) Beautiful			
46. Identify the preposition in the	c) Jump			
sentence: She sat beside her best	d) Table			
friend.				
a) She				
b) Sat				
c) Beside				
d) Friend				



